



<p><u>Conglomerate:</u> Rare</p>		
<p><u>Tuffs</u> - Bedded with occasional Siltstones - Tabular and Trough Cross Sections</p>	<p>- Red Mountain Peak</p>	<p>- Deltaic/Offshore Bar - Paleoflow from 130° to 310°</p>
<p><u>Tuffaceous Siltstone</u> - Interbedded Tuffs and Silts, - Tuff layers becoming coarser and thicker up section. - Still massively bedded and therefore deposited in deep low energy marine conditions</p>	<p>- Red Mountain Peak</p>	<p>- Near Shore - Volcanic dominated</p>
<p><u>Bedded Mudstone/Siltstone/Tuffs</u> - Gradational from lower beds, with addition of fine tuffs. - Volcanic influence increasing, but deposition still in water with run off events</p>	<p>- Marc Zone</p>	<p>- Shallow water - Volcanic Influence increases upsection</p>
<p><u>Bedded Mudstone/Siltstone</u> - Jurassic, - Mudstone dominant with regular seams of silts. - Could be distal turbidites or seasonal/periodic discharge increases from nearby land</p>	<p>- Waterfall - Lost Valley</p>	<p>- Marine Basin - Regressive - Turbidity flows and storm silt deposits - Seafloor hydrothermal activity</p>
<p><u>Argillite</u> - Thick carbonaceous mudstone, mainly massive with occasional silt/sand turbidite sequences? – - Potential vents, indicate early hydrothermal activity - Radiolarians date it to Late Triassic/Early Jurassic</p>	<p>- Bromley Valley - Lower Waterfall</p>	
<p><u>Transition Under Ice</u></p>		
<p><u>Stuhini Group</u> - Jurassic (Radiolarians) - Defined bands of mud and silt - Highly metamorphosed</p>	<p>- Lisa - Petal</p>	